

Comparative study of surface Plasmon resonance of functionalized green synthesized silver nanoparticles

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Silver nanoparticles are particular interest because of distinctive properties such as good conductivity, chemical stability, catalytic and antibacterial activity [1]. In the global efforts to reduce generated hazardous waste, green chemistry and chemical processes are progressively integrating with modern developments in science and industry [2]. We use water as solvent medium, and ascorbic acid and tri-sodium citric acid as greener reducing agents. Different functionalized silver nanoparticles show different Surface Plasmon Resonance (SPR), since surface Plasmon depends on the surrounding environment, the refractive index of the surrounding medium, size and shape of the nanoparticles, the electronic interaction between the stabilizing ligands [3]. TEM pictures clearly show the morphology of the nanoparticles (Figure 1). There is a change in the Plasmon resonance as well as shape of the UV-Vis curve with different functionalization. Plasmon resonance of the synthesized nanoparticles varies with respect to pH of the solution (Figure 2).

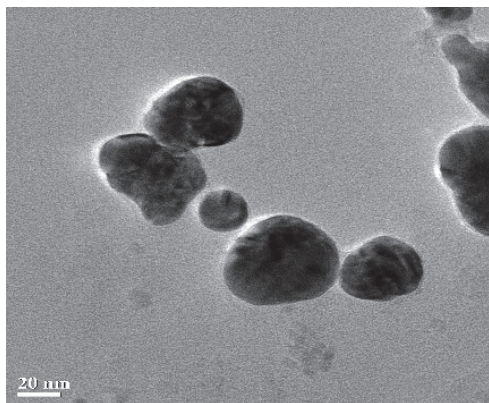


Figure 1: TEM images of silver nanoparticles synthesized by ascorbic acid

IR spectra shows the presence of functional groups (-OH,-COOH) in the synthesized silver nanoparticles. The optical property of dispersed spherical particle of synthesized nanoparticle was further validated using Mie theory⁴. The results are in agreement with experimental techniques used.

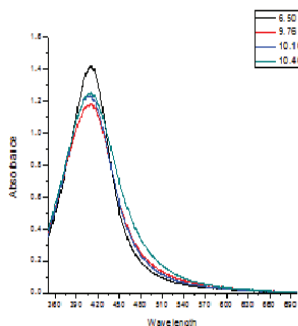


Figure 2: pH dependence of Surface Plasmon resonance of ascorbic acid synthesized silver nanoparticles

References

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